

## Programme of Requirements



### Project Napoleon

<b>Owner</b>	: Nederlands Forensisch Instituut
<b>Project Name</b>	: Napoleon
<b>Project Number</b>	:
<b>Document Code</b>	:
<b>Version</b>	: 0.1
<b>Status</b>	: Concept



Owner : NFI  
Project Name : Napoleon  
Project Number :  
Documentcode :  
Version : 0.1  
Status : Concept

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

<b>1</b>	<b>DOCUMENT INFO .....</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>INTRODUCTION .....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>NAPOLEON .....</b>	<b>5</b>
3.1	PURPOSE OF THE NAPOLEON PRODUCT .....	5
3.2	FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS .....	5
3.3	CONSTRAINTS .....	6
3.4	OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS .....	6
3.5	RELIABILITY REQUIREMENTS .....	7
3.6	MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS .....	7
3.7	SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS .....	8
3.8	SECURITY REQUIREMENTS .....	8
3.9	USABILITY .....	8
<b>4</b>	<b>BONAPARTE .....</b>	<b>10</b>
4.1	PURPOSE OF THE BONAPARTE PRODUCT .....	10
4.2	FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS .....	10
4.2.1	<i>Computational Core</i> .....	10
4.2.2	<i>GUI</i> .....	10
4.3	CONSTRAINTS .....	13
4.4	OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS .....	14
4.5	RELIABILITY REQUIREMENTS .....	14
4.6	MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS .....	14
4.7	SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS .....	14
4.8	SECURITY REQUIREMENTS .....	14
4.9	USABILITY .....	14
<b>5</b>	<b>WORKFLOW NAPOLEON .....</b>	<b>15</b>
5.1	START UP .....	15
5.2	PREPARATION .....	15
5.2.1	<i>Create or select a Set</i> .....	15
5.2.2	<i>Create SearchSets</i> .....	15
5.2.3	<i>Search Preparation</i> .....	<i>Fout! Bladwijzer niet gedefinieerd.</i>
5.3	MATCH .....	16
5.4	ANALYZE MATCH RESULTS .....	16
5.5	ADAPT SETTINGS .....	16
5.6	REPORT AND STORE .....	16



Owner : NFI  
Project Name : Napoleon  
Project Number :  
Documentcode :  
Version : 0.1  
Status : Concept

# 1 Document Info

## Document History

Version	Date	Status	Author	Change description
0.1	26-05-2008	Concept	10, 2, e	Draft; after discussions with SNN on 22-05-2008. Describes requirements for phase 1, with basic functionality.

## Table of References

Reference [ref]	Title	Author	Version	Comments
Napoleon	Research Proposal Napoleon (PID)	NFI	1.1	
Bonaparte	Bonaparte: Bayesian networks for victim identification on the basis of DNA profiles	SNN	2.1	

## Acronyms en definitions

Acronym	Description
Allele	Number of repeating DNA-blocks on a Locus
AM	Ante Mortem, data used for identifying missing persons
Batch	Search definition within all DNA-profiles in a database, based on a selection of characteristics, such as gender, finding-place, etc.
BSO	Biologisch Sporen Onderzoek
CODIS	Combined DNA Index System, NFI-database containing DNA-profiles of missing persons and reference persons. (Allele-based and not containing mixed profiles)
GUI	Graphical User Interface
ICMP	International Committee for Missing Persons
Locus	Position of a STR on the DNA
Metaproject	Set of projects with a common factor, such as a time-period or a geographical location.
Mixed profile	DNA-profile of a contaminated specimen, containing DNA-material of more than one individual
MP	Missing Person
NFI	Nederlands Forensisch Instituut
Pedigree	Family of AM-profiles, with their mutual relations
PM	Post Mortem, data used for identifying (remains of) persons
PROMIS	LIMS system of the NFI
SearchSet	Set of profiles to be matched
SIN	Specimen Identification Number, represents a SVO
SNN	Stichting Neurale Netwerken
STR	Short Tandem Repeat, repetitions of tiny pieces of DNA, used for matching because they can vary strongly between individuals
SVO	Stuk van Overtuiging
Virtual profile	Constructed profile, combining two or more partial DNA-profiles
Project	Project under consideration, linked tot a NFI#. A project consists of <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1 or more targets (MP or UI)</li><li>• 0 or more References (non-target or AM-profiles)</li><li>• 0 or more Pedigrees</li></ul>
UI	Unidentified person





Owner : NFI  
Project Name : Napoleon  
Project Number :  
Documentcode :  
Version : 0.1  
Status : Concept

---

## 2 Introduction

<t.b.d.>



Owner : NFI  
Project Name : Napoleon  
Project Number :  
Documentcode :  
Version : 0.1  
Status : Concept

## 3 Napoleon

### 3.1 Purpose of the Napoleon product

### 3.2 Functional requirements

#### [NF001]

Identification fields used in database structures, such as SIN-numbers, must be flexible so that data from various sources can be processed.

Minimal sources are CODIS and the ICMP-database.

#### [NF002]

Backups can be made. The backup only concerns the internal Napoleon database.

An automatic backup is made daily.

#### [NF003]

Napoleon can deliver the following user specified Reports:

1. ...
2. ...
- 3.

#### [NF004]

Napoleon can manipulate databases in the following way:

- Add a database
- Delete a database
- Convert a database with e.g. ETL-scripts (how? which types are to be supported?)
- Import DNA-profiles from foreign databases (which types are to be supported?)
- Export DNA-profiles (which formats are to be supported?)

#### [NF005]

Napoleon shall be able to manipulate DNA-profile tables (organised as?)

- Search
- Update
- Delete
- Add

#### [NF006]

Napoleon shall support the following Static Data configuration and maintenance options:

- Locus table : adding/update/delete locus
- Amplification Kit table : add amplification kit loci specifics. Data compatibility with all current commercially available kits and markers and extensible for custom systems and marker sets as needed, to ensure long-term usability.
- Population Statistics table: search/add/update/delete population statistics.
- Kinship table configuration : add/update/delete kinships



Owner : NFI  
Project Name : Napoleon  
Project Number :  
Documentcode :  
Version : 0.1  
Status : Concept

---

[NF007]

### 3.3 Constraints

[NC001]

The technical environment in which Napoleon is developed should be Oracle/Java and Flexible or Open source platforms.

[NC002]

The methodological environment of the Napoleon development should be UML, OOD

[NC003]

The management environment for the Napoleon project should be Prince2.

[NC004]

The database structure and datamodel of Napoleon should be aligned with those of the ICMP-system. In a later stage the pedigree module to be developed should be integrable in both systems.

[NC005]

Data-structure for DNA-profiles shall be compatible to the CODIS-datastructure.

In this structure the *specimen* (or Sample) is central.

A specimen is identified by a Specimen ID (KLPD number + SIN number), and carries a CASE ID, which is a unique key for a case in PROMIS (het DNA-zegelnummer?)

[NC006]

Napoleon must be validated with a proper test-set to be defined by NFI.

[NC007]

The interfaces with databases containing DNA-profiles are read-only and limited to DNA-profiles. Napoleon does not feed back any information in DNA-databases.

[NC008]

There is no interface between Napoleon and PROMIS.

[NC009]

Linkage (relations between alleles) is not applied within Napoleon.

### 3.4 Operational requirements

[NO001]

Napoleon will be able to run standalone on a commodity laptop as well as in a network environment with multiple users. The maximum number of concurrent users is 8.



Owner : NFI  
Project Name : Napoleon  
Project Number :  
Documentcode :  
Version : 0.1  
Status : Concept

[NO002]

All searches and decisions made by the user shall be logged.

[NO003]

A user-administration must be set up. This administration contains the known users and their according rights to operate Napoleon and provides Role Based Access Control.

The following Roles and according privileges are identified:

Role	Privileges	Comments
Administrator	all	System administrator
NFI-user		e.g. BSO personnel
SNN-user		e.g. for maintenance
Foreign user		e.g. ICMP-personnel

### 3.5 Reliability requirements

[NR001]

There shall be periodic automatic backups so that little work will be lost in case of problems. After recovery at most one hour of work can be lost.

### 3.6 Maintenance requirements

[NM001]

Napoleon must keep up with:

- new releases of CODIS
- new releases of PROMIS
- new statistical models
- new DNA-kits

[NM002]

All 3<sup>rd</sup> party products applied in Napoleon should be acquired from reliable suppliers, offering transparent conditions for usage, upgrade and maintenance.

[NM003]

Clear design documentation and manuals are needed for the use and maintenance of Napoleon.

[NM004]



Owner : NFI  
Project Name : Napoleon  
Project Number :  
Documentcode :  
Version : 0.1  
Status : Concept

---

There is a DBA-role for cleaning up the operational environment.

### 3.7 System requirements

#### [NS001]

- Napoleon will have an interface to CODIS.
- Napoleon will have additional database interface modules allowing it to interface with ICMP and other foreign DNA-databases.
- Napoleon must be able to interface with LIMS-systems (standard interface?)

#### [NS002]

Napoleon shall contain rudimentary static data to be used for matching:

- Population Sets (some 10 sets of population-related allele frequencies)
- Mutation models (some 5 sets)
- Size bias models

Is shall be possible to enter and maintain these sets through a basic GUI.

### 3.8 Security requirements

#### [NX001]

Only authorized users may gain access to Napoleon through a log in procedure.

Napoleon starts up with an authorisation-dialog. After a configurable period of inactivity the authorisation dialog reappears, so that the user has to log in again.

#### [NX002]

Privacy-sensitive information shall be encrypted such that it cannot be obtained without using Napoleon as the access provider.

#### [NX003]

No insecure open internet connections may be applied.

### 3.9 Usability

#### [NU001]

The GUI is designed to be intuitive, conform universal GUI-guidelines.

#### [NU002]

Napoleon shall support user-profiles containing preferred settings, etc.





Owner : NFI  
Project Name : Napoleon  
Project Number :  
Documentcode :  
Version : 0.1  
Status : Concept

[NU003]

A user training shall be part of the delivery.



Owner : NFI  
Project Name : Napoleon  
Project Number :  
Documentcode :  
Version : 0.1  
Status : Concept

---

## 4 Bonaparte

### 4.1 Purpose of the Bonaparte product

The project “Bonaparte” will deliver a system for kinship analysis in DNA-files as described in the ICIS valorisation proposal [Bonaparte].

This system, the computational core of Napoleon, will be referred to as “Bonaparte”.

Bonaparte consists of 3 elements:

- Computational core
- Graphical User Interface (GUI)
- Communication Protocol

### 4.2 Functional requirements

#### 4.2.1 Computational Core

The computational core performs the matching and shall support the following features:

##### [BF001] Network builder

Build Bayesian network family – per locus

1. Paternal/Maternal inheritance
  - a. Mutation model (such as Ayres and Brenner)
2. Genotype observation
  - a. Alleles, KIT
  - b. peak heights
3. Population allele frequencies
4. Theta-correction
5. Rare alleles (such as null-alleles)
6. Size bias correction

##### [BF003] Elementary matching

Elementary matching options:

- x PM – y AM(pedigree) (match the specimen to missing person)
- x PM - y PM (to detect doubles)
- x PM - y PM (to detect parents and siblings)
- x PM - y AM (1:1) to detect parents and siblings
- x PM – y AM(false pedigree)

#### 4.2.2 GUI



Owner : NFI  
Project Name : Napoleon  
Project Number :  
Documentcode :  
Version : 0.1  
Status : Concept

The GUI shall allow the user to

- enter configuration data and selections for the computational core
- perform basic manipulations on profiles, models and sets
- manipulate pedigrees

#### [BF010] Profile Management

The following operations are possible with profiles. Reference is the Napoleon database. Adapted profiles are not fed back into the source-database.

- 1) Add a profile
  - a) Relatives of MP (AM)
  - b) Victim (PM / UI)
  - c) Body Part (PM / UI)
- 2) Edit / Change a profile
  - a) Population
  - b) Pedigree reference(s)
  - c) Alleles
  - d) Add Loci
- 3) Import profiles from an external source (XML-interface t.b.d.)
- 4) Export profiles to an external file (XML-interface t.b.d.)
- 5) Construct a virtual profile (e.g. add up of profile parts supposedly belonging to the same victim, or making a test-profile)

#### [BF004] Construction of Pedigrees

The Bonaparte GUI offers a tool to construct pedigrees graphically. Pedigrees consist of squares (males) and circles (females), where the color represents their status being either

- “no DNA sample” = checked square,
- “Reference AM sample present = “blank”
- “MP” = red,
- “identified PM” = blue.

Pedigrees are limited to 5 generations, and 6 siblings wide.

It shall be possible to define relations within the pedigree such as: there is a 10% chance that a particular child is not of the supposed biological father.

A pedigree can be saved, printed and stored.

Construction of pedigrees (for 1:1 PM-PM AM-PM matches) pi and si matching should be possible.

#### [BF005] Pedigree Consistency Check

A (read or constructed through the Bonaparte GUI) pedigree can be parsed for consistency. When an inconsistency is found, the user shall be hinted towards the problem.





Owner : NFI  
Project Name : Napoleon  
Project Number :  
Documentcode :  
Version : 0.1  
Status : Concept

Only pedigrees that pass this consistency check without errors shall be stored and/or used for matching. The Bonaparte GUI shall disable the use and storage of inconsistent pedigrees.

The consistency check is configurable by the user:

- Number of mismatches
- other parameters

The following inconsistencies shall be detected and reported as a result of parsing a pedigree:

1. (grand)child cannot be of a mother / grandparents
2. (grand)child cannot be of a father / grandparents
3. 2 or more siblings can't be full siblings

The user may adapt the pedigree and check again until the pedigree is considered consistent.

#### **[BF006] Match Preparation**

The Bonaparte GUI will come up asking which project is going to be processed.

The list of present NFI cases and earlier defined projects will be imported from the DNA-database. (Individuals can belong to one or more projects/batches/SearchSets)

The user can select from this list.

A (set of) NFI-case(s) may be given a name so that the project can be easily found again.

Now the list with specimens belonging to the selected project is presented in a list, together with the attribute Specimen type, for the Search set.

Next a Batch can be selected or created with the GUI.

The following criteria can be used to create a batch:

- Date (interval) of entry
- Location (remains, or address of MP)
- Complete DNA-profile (Y/N)
- Gender
- Project name
- Pedigree
- Role (in pedigree)
- Age (target)
- Specimen Type

The selected/created batch is the matching set for the Search Set.

The user may now select the option "match", to start the Match-Setup dialog.

#### **[BF007] Match Setup**

- 1) Loci (per profile in SearchSet adaptable)
  - a) Add, update, delete locus
- 2) Select population allele frequencies per profile
- 3) Select Mutation model (per SearchSet)





Owner : NFI  
Project Name : Napoleon  
Project Number :  
Documentcode :  
Version : 0.1  
Status : Concept

- 4) Select model for subpopulation correction
- 5) Select model for size bias correction
- 6) Select model for null alleles
- 7) Select model for rare alleles
- 8) Percentages for the probability on a false pedigree (hoort dit niet bij de pedigree zelf?)
- 9) Thresholds (such as LR, minimum number of loci, max. number of mutations)
- 10) Statistics type
  - a) LR (likelihood Ratio)
  - b) Posterior odds
- 11) Other parameters .....

#### **[BF008] Match and Presentation of results**

The results of the match are presented to the user.

Minimal content of the hitlist (layout is to be determined):

- 1) Date, Issuer, Project, Search Set, Batch, Match strategy summary, Caseld
- 2) List of hits 1 { UI/MP | Reference | LR } N

When a hit is selected by double clicking a detail screen pops up, showing:

- Date, Issuer, Project, Search Set, Batch, Match strategy summary, Caseld
- The pedigree
- LR per Locus
- DNA-profiles

The detail report can be exported and printed.

The DNA-profiles of the Set can be exported for comparison purposes.

#### **[BF009] Store the Match Results**

Match results can be stored within the Napoleon database, as part of a Project.

The following data must be saved:

### **4.3 Constraints**

See Constraints in paragraph 3.3.

#### **[BC001]**

Mixed profiles are excluded from the computational core.

However the data-storage should be prepared for storing mixed profiles.

#### **[BC002]**

The Bonaparte database shall store percentages (DNA peakheight) instead of interpretations.



Owner : NFI  
Project Name : Napoleon  
Project Number :  
Documentcode :  
Version : 0.1  
Status : Concept

---

#### **[BC003]**

The interface between Napoleon and Bonaparte (communication protocol) shall be specified and implemented in XML.

### **4.4 Operational requirements**

### **4.5 Reliability requirements**

#### **[BR001]**

The number of false hits per match shall not exceed 0.01%

#### **[BR002]**

The number of searches performed on a specimen shall be written in the specimen-data (like the search-count in CODIS).

### **4.6 Maintenance requirements**

### **4.7 System Requirements**

### **4.8 Security requirements**

Napoleon's security requirements (paragraph 3.8), as far as applicable, apply to Bonaparte as well.

### **4.9 Usability**

#### **[BU001]**

Bonaparte shall support the use of user-profiles, such that Napoleon user-preferences connected to a user-profile (see requirement NU001) are automatically applied.

#### **[BU002]**

The statistical model usage shall be transparent to the user.

This means that all relevant parameters used in the model shall be presented to the user



Owner : NFI  
Project Name : Napoleon  
Project Number :  
Documentcode :  
Version : 0.1  
Status : Concept

## 5 Workflow Napoleon

Working with Napoleon (for DNA-matching) globally consists of the following steps<sup>1</sup>:

Start up and Login

{

- Preparation of Match ("what": select the sets)
- Setting up the Match ("how": select the parameters and settings)
- Match and present matchresults
- Analyse match results
- (if necessary) Adapt settings

}

Report and/or Store results

}

Logout

These steps are described below.

The use is expressed in terms of *Sets* of DNA-profiles, taken from e.g. a CODIS-export. One Set is limited to maximally 500 subsets of (1 NN + <=25 other profiles)

### 5.1 Start up

Power up and Log In.

....

### 5.2 Preparation

#### 5.2.1 Create or select a Set

Select a Set of DNA-profiles by entering a search-category, such as a CaseID.

Give this set a name, say *WorkSet*.

If the user wants to continue work on a previously defined Set, this can be selected from a list of known Sets.

#### 5.2.2 Create Match Sets

step 1: create or select the Search Set

There are 3 categories of SearchSets:

1. AM (ante mortem reference profiles)
2. PM (post mortem victim profiles, set 1)
3. Pedigree (set of AM kin-profiles)

---

<sup>1</sup> Furthermore there are some basic maintenance functions for manipulation of basic data, profiles, etc.





Owner	: NFI
Project Name	: Napoleon
Project Number	:
Documentcode	:
Version	: 0.1
Status	: Concept

step 2: create or select the batch.

If the user wants to continue work on a previously defined Set, the SearchSets will be already there.

### 5.2.3 Match Setup

Now that the sets are defined (what) the user can enter how the match is to be done. Several parameters and selections can be entered (see requirements) to influence the calculations.

### 5.3 Match and presentation of results

Bonaparte will calculate the match-results and present them in a hit-list with only the essential information per hit: Profile ID, proof-value + ???. This provides the user with a summary of the results.

### 5.4 Analyze match results

The hit-list can be analyzed by the user.

The user may double-click on a hit to see the match-details (or press "Details")

The user may select a hit from the list and export the results for use outside Napoleon, e.g. for comparison purposes (quality).

Hits may be provided with tags to indicate whether it "was matched X-times before", is irrelevant, or other (to be determined).

### 5.5 Adapt settings

If the match did not deliver satisfactory results, the user may go back to step Preparation, to define another match and repeat the steps Match and Analyze.

In this case the new hit-list will overwrite the previous hit-list.

### 5.6 Report and Store

Once the user is convinced that a match is relevant and complete, it can be reported and stored.

When a Set is stored, the following information is saved:

- Set,
- all SearchSets,
- Match-configuration,
- Hits
- Pedigrees (if applicable)